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- (3) They are engaged in an unauthorized offsite activity; or
- (4) They are injured or ill due to their own willful misconduct, intent to cause injury or death to oneself or another or through intoxication or illegal use of drugs.

[77 FR 22207, Apr. 13, 2012]

§ 670.935 How are students protected from unsafe or unhealthy situations?

- (a) The Secretary establishes procedures to ensure that students are not required or permitted to work, be trained, reside in, or receive services in buildings or surroundings or under conditions that are unsanitary or hazardous. Whenever students are employed or in training for jobs, they must be assigned only to jobs or training which observe applicable Federal, State and local health and safety standards.
- (b) The Secretary develops procedures to ensure compliance with applicable DOL Occupational Safety and Health Administration regulations.

§ 670.940 What are the requirements for criminal law enforcement jurisdiction on center property?

- (a) All Job Corps property which would otherwise be under exclusive Federal legislative jurisdiction is considered under concurrent jurisdiction with the appropriate State and locality with respect to criminal law enforcement. Concurrent jurisdiction extends to all portions of the property, including housing and recreational facilities, in addition to the portions of the property used for education and training activities.
- (b) Centers located on property under concurrent Federal-State jurisdiction must establish agreements with Federal, State and local law enforcement agencies to enforce criminal laws.
- (c) The Secretary develops procedures to ensure that any searches of a student's person, personal area or belongings for unauthorized goods follow applicable right-to-privacy laws.

§ 670.945 Are Job Corps operators and service providers authorized to pay State or local taxes on gross receipts?

- (a) A private for-profit or a nonprofit Job Corps service provider is not liable, directly or indirectly, to any State or subdivision for any gross receipts taxes, business privilege taxes measured by gross receipts, or any similar taxes in connection with any payments made to or by such service provider for operating a center or other Job Corps program or activity. The service provider is not liable to any State or subdivision to collect or pay any sales, excise, use, or similar tax imposed upon the sale to or use by such deliverer of any property, service, or other item in connection with the operation of a center or other Job Corps program or activity. (WIA sec. 158(d).)
- (b) If a State or local authority compels a center operator or other service provider to pay such taxes, the center operator or service provider may pay the taxes with Federal funds, but must document and report the State or local requirement according to procedures issued by the Secretary.

§ 670.950 What are the financial management responsibilities of Job Corps center operators and other service providers?

- (a) Center operators and other service providers must manage Job Corps funds using financial management information systems that meet the specifications and requirements of the Secretary.
- (b) These financial management systems must:
- (1) Provide accurate, complete, and current disclosures of the costs of their Job Corps activities;
- (2) Ensure that expenditures of funds are necessary, reasonable, allocable and allowable in accordance with applicable cost principles:
- (3) Use account structures specified by the Secretary;
- (4) Ensure the ability to comply with cost reporting requirements and procedures issued by the Secretary; and
- (5) Maintain sufficient cost data for effective planning, monitoring, and evaluation of program activities and

for determining the allowability of reported costs.

§ 670.955 Are center operators and service providers subject to Federal audits?

- (a) Yes, Center operators and service providers are subject to Federal audits.
- (b) The Secretary arranges for the survey, audit, or evaluation of each Job Corps center and service provider at least once every three years, by Federal auditors or independent public accountants. The Secretary may arrange for more frequent audits. (WIA sec. 159(b)(2).)
- (c) Center operators and other service providers are responsible for giving full cooperation and access to books, documents, papers and records to duly appointed Federal auditors and evaluators. (WIA sec. 159(b)(1).)

§ 670.960 What are the procedures for management of student records?

The Secretary issues guidelines for a system for maintaining records for each student during enrollment and for disposition of such records after separation.

§ 670.965 What procedures apply to disclosure of information about Job Corps students and program activities?

- (a) The Secretary develops procedures to respond to requests for information or records or other necessary disclosures pertaining to students.
- (b) DOL disclosure of Job Corps information must be handled according to the Freedom of Information Act and according to DOL regulations at 29 CFR part 70.
- (c) Job Corps contractors are not "agencies" for Freedom of Information Act purposes. Therefore, their records are not subject to disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act or 29 CFR part 70.
- (d) The regulations at 29 CFR part 71 apply to a system of records covered by the Privacy Act of 1974 maintained by DOL or to a similar system maintained by a contractor, such as a screening agency, contract center operator, or placement agency on behalf of the Job Corps.

§ 670.970 What are the reporting requirements for center operators and operational support service providers?

The Secretary establishes procedures to ensure the timely and complete reporting of necessary financial and program information to maintain accountability. Center operators and operational support service providers are responsible for the accuracy and integrity of all reports and data they provide.

§ 670.975 How is the performance of the Job Corps program assessed?

The performance of the Job Corps program as a whole, and the performance of individual program components, is assessed on an ongoing basis, in accordance with the regulations in this part and procedures and standards, including a national performance measurement system, issued by the Secretary. Annual performance assessments are done for each center operator and other service providers, including screening and admissions and placement agencies.

§ 670.980 What are the indicators of performance for Job Corps?

- (a) At a minimum, the performance assessment system established under §670.975 will include expected levels of performance established for each of the indicators of performance contained in WIA section 159(c). These are:
- (1) The number of graduates and rate of graduation, analyzed by the type of vocational training received and the training provider;
- (2) The job placement rate of graduates into unsubsidized employment, analyzed by the vocational training received, whether or not the job placement is related to the training proceived, the vocational training provider, and whether the placement is made by a local or national service provider;
- (3) The average placement wage of graduates in training-related and non-training related unsubsidized jobs;
- (4) The average wage of graduates on the first day of employment and at 6 and 12 months following placement, analyzed by the type of vocational training received;